

Figure 1. Number of Tuberculosis Cases: California, 1930-2014

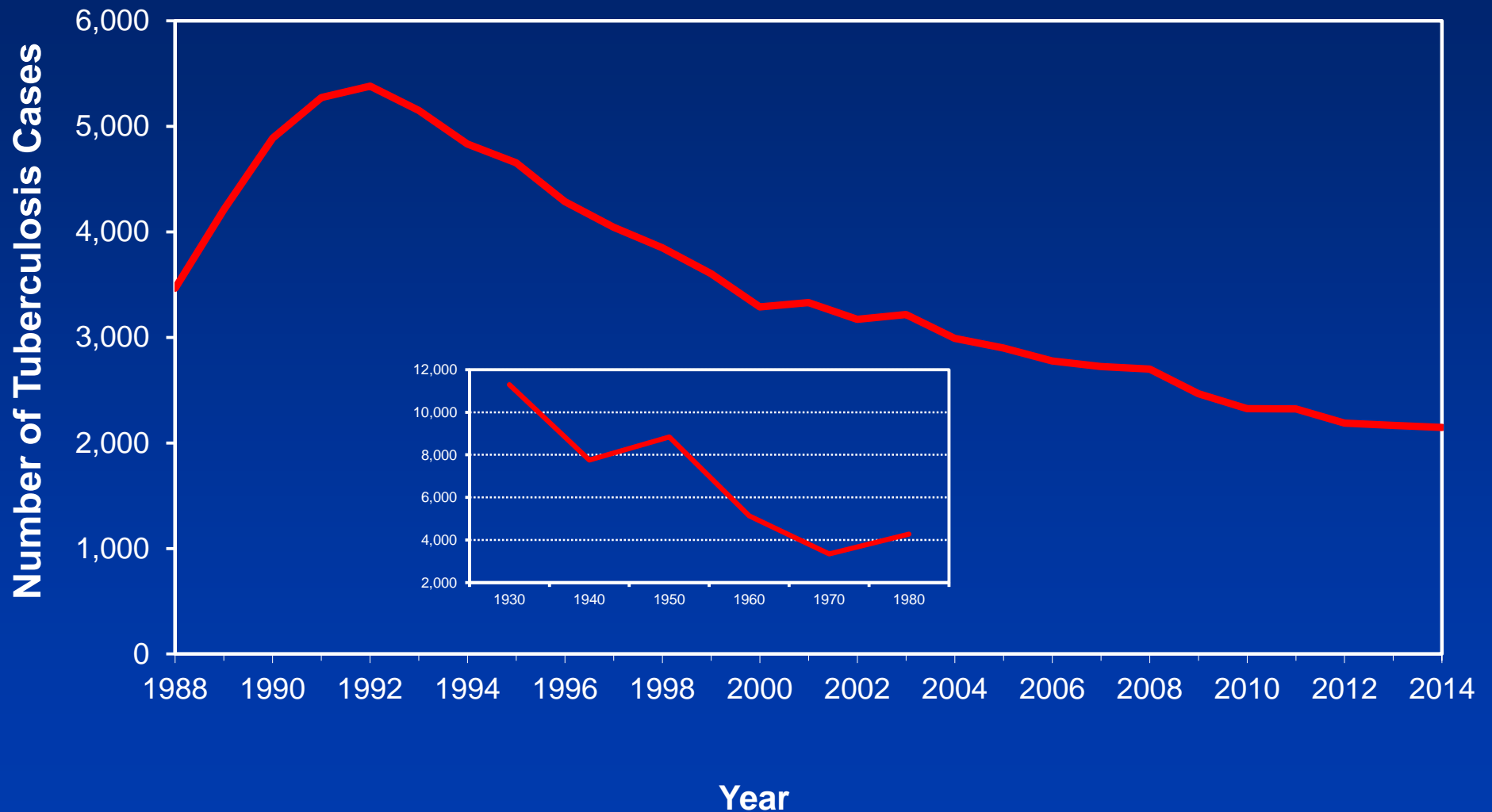


Figure 2. Number of Tuberculosis Cases and Case Rates: California, 2005-2014

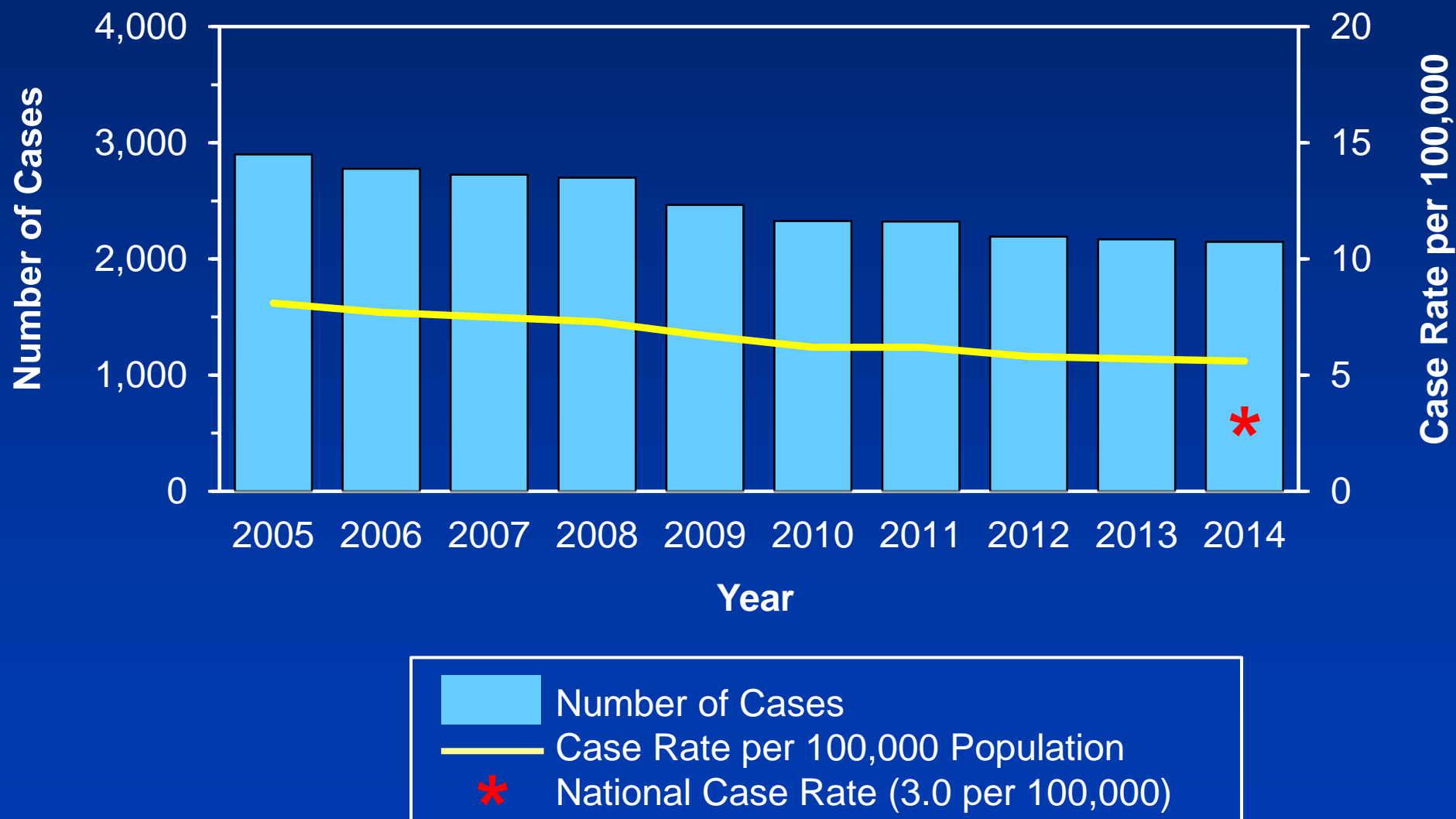
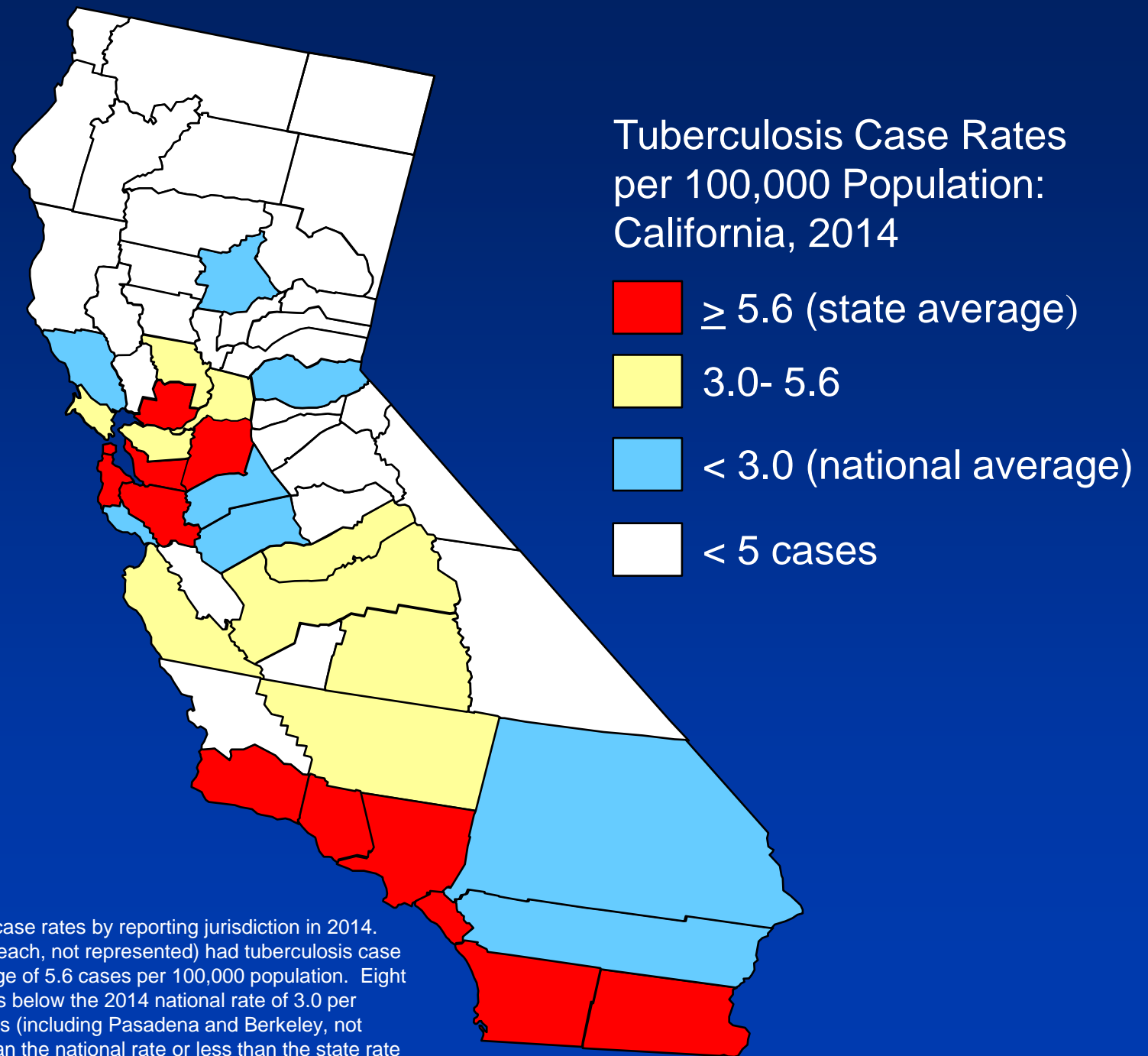


Figure 3. Tuberculosis in California, 2014



Note: The map illustrates tuberculosis case rates by reporting jurisdiction in 2014. Thirteen jurisdictions (including Long Beach, not represented) had tuberculosis case rates equal to or above the state average of 5.6 cases per 100,000 population. Eight jurisdictions had tuberculosis case rates below the 2014 national rate of 3.0 per 100,000 population. Eleven jurisdictions (including Pasadena and Berkeley, not represented) had case rates greater than the national rate or less than the state rate (3.0 to 5.6 cases per 100,000 population). Case rates were not calculated for 29 jurisdictions because there were fewer than five cases in these areas.

Figure 4. Tuberculosis Cases by Race/Ethnicity: California, 2014

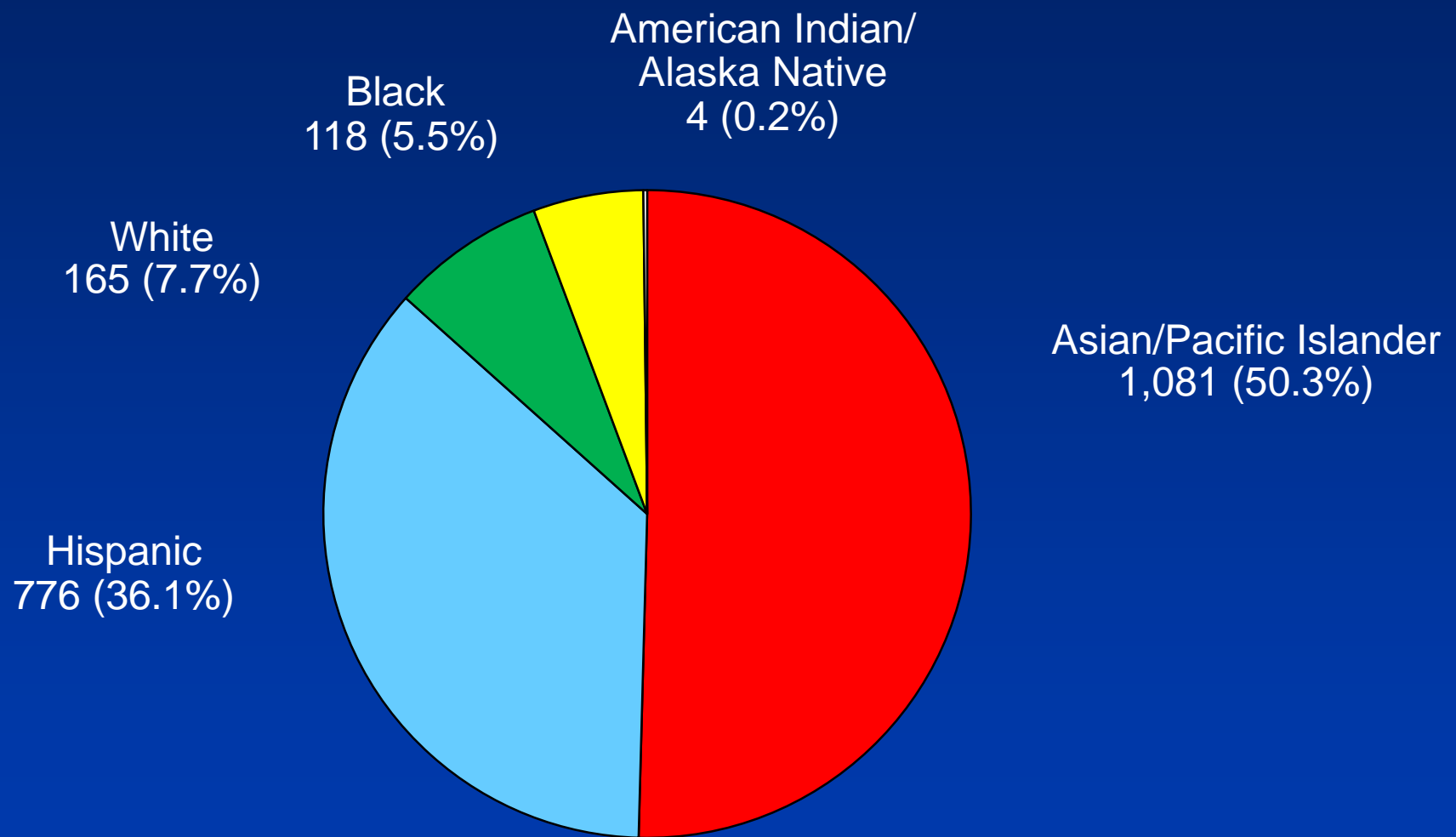


Figure 5. Tuberculosis Case Rates by Race/Ethnicity: California, 2005-2014

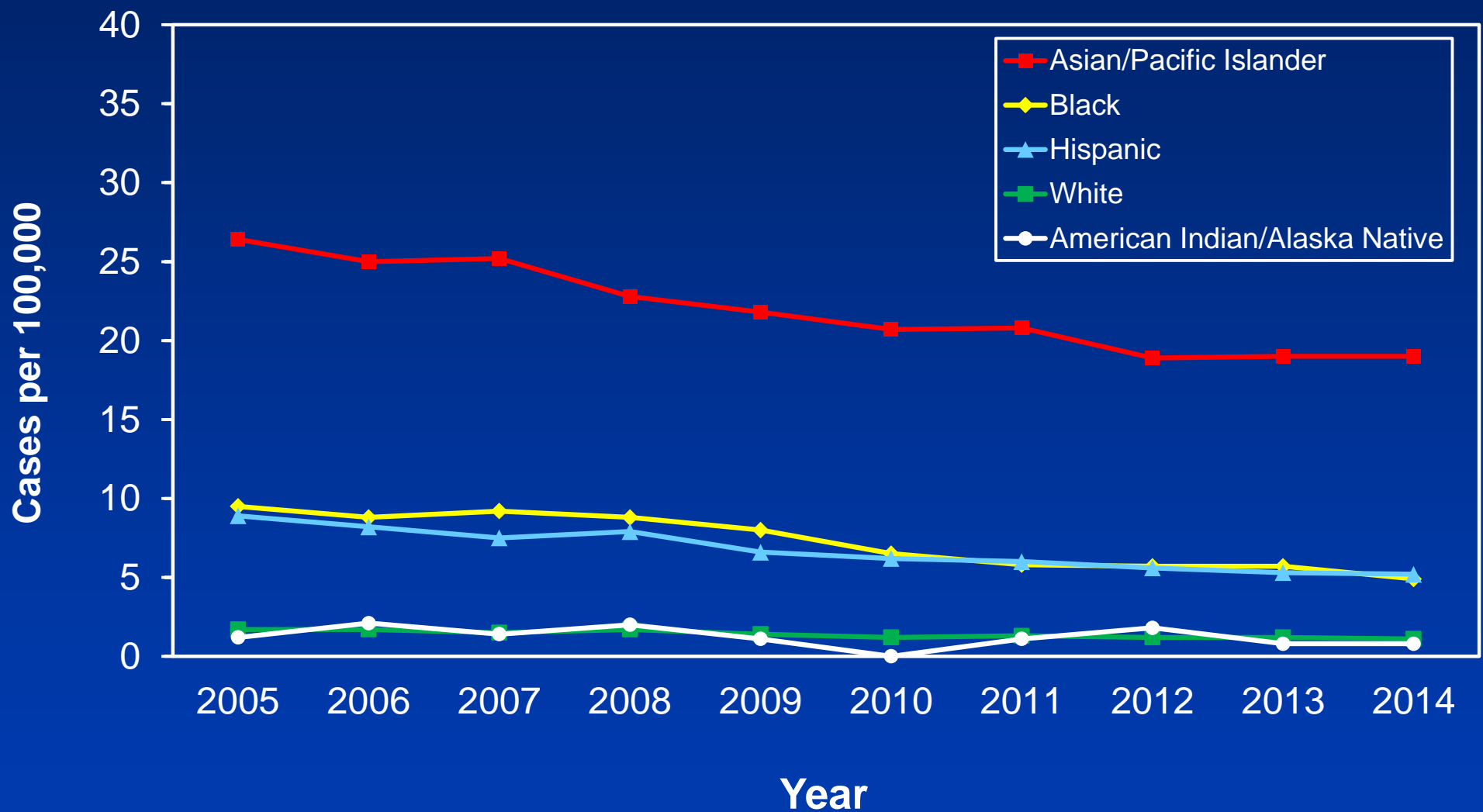


Figure 6. Tuberculosis Cases in Foreign-born and U.S.-born Persons: California, 2005-2014

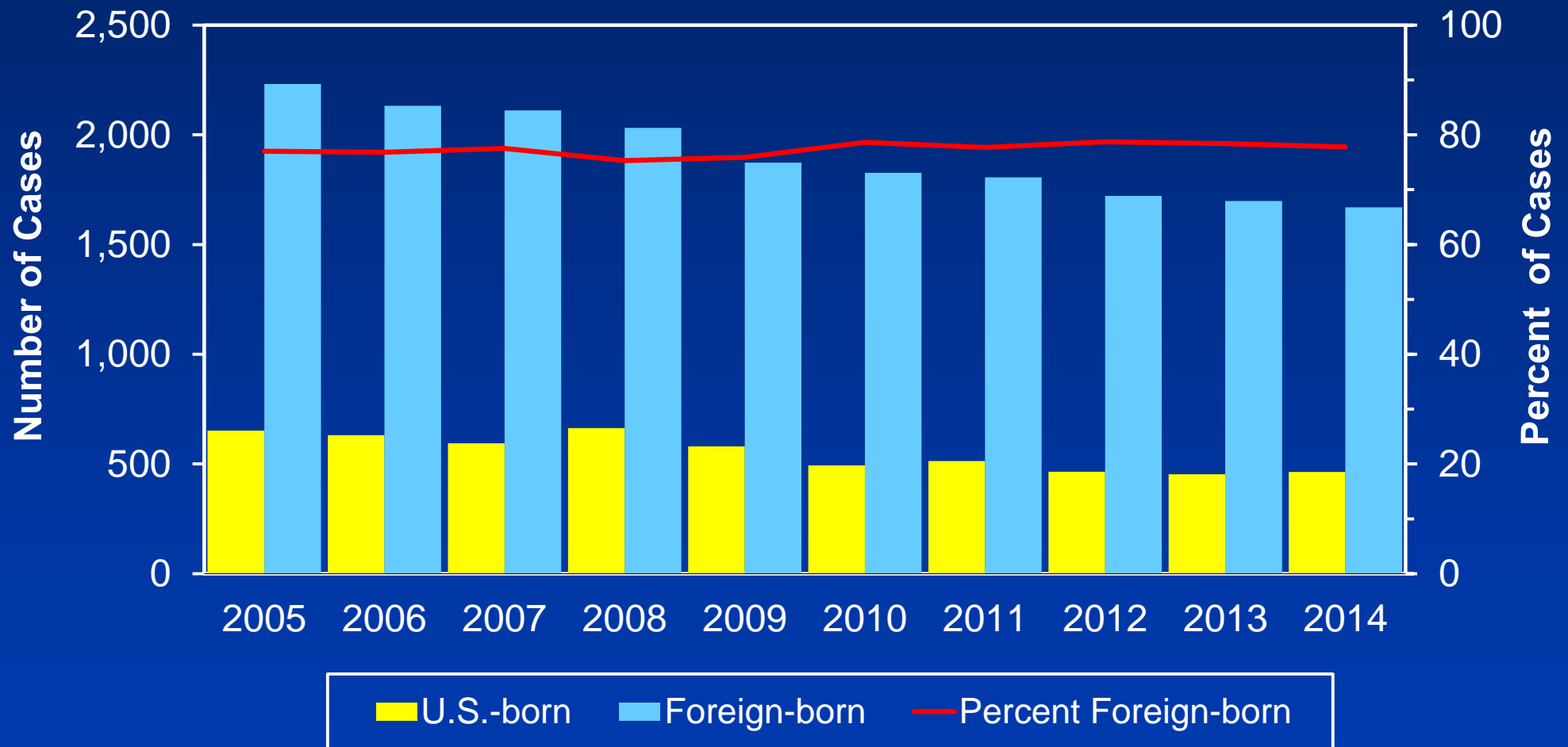


Figure 7. Tuberculosis Cases by Country of Origin: California, 2014

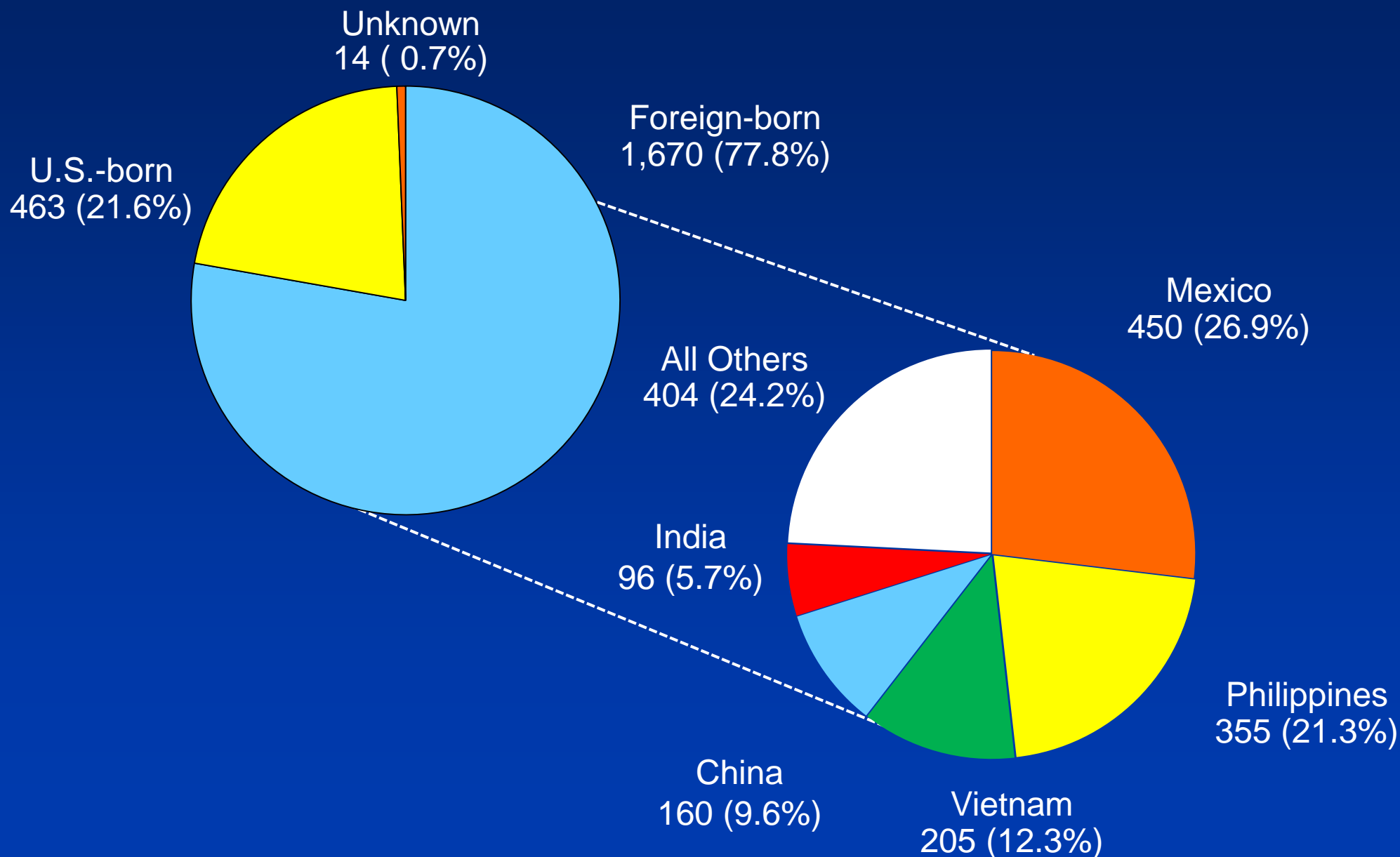


Figure 8. Tuberculosis Cases in Persons 0-4 Years of Age: California, 2005-2014

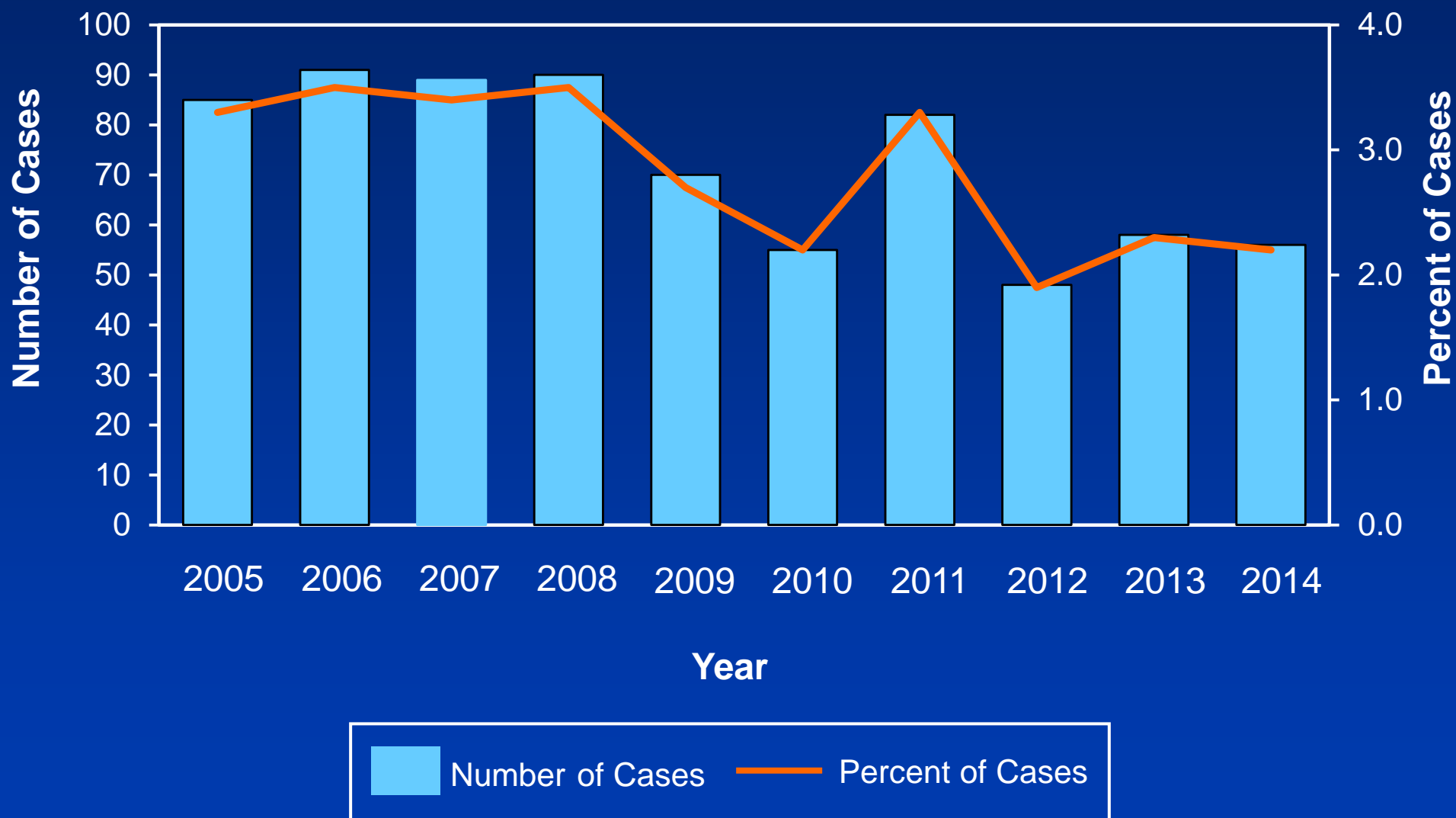
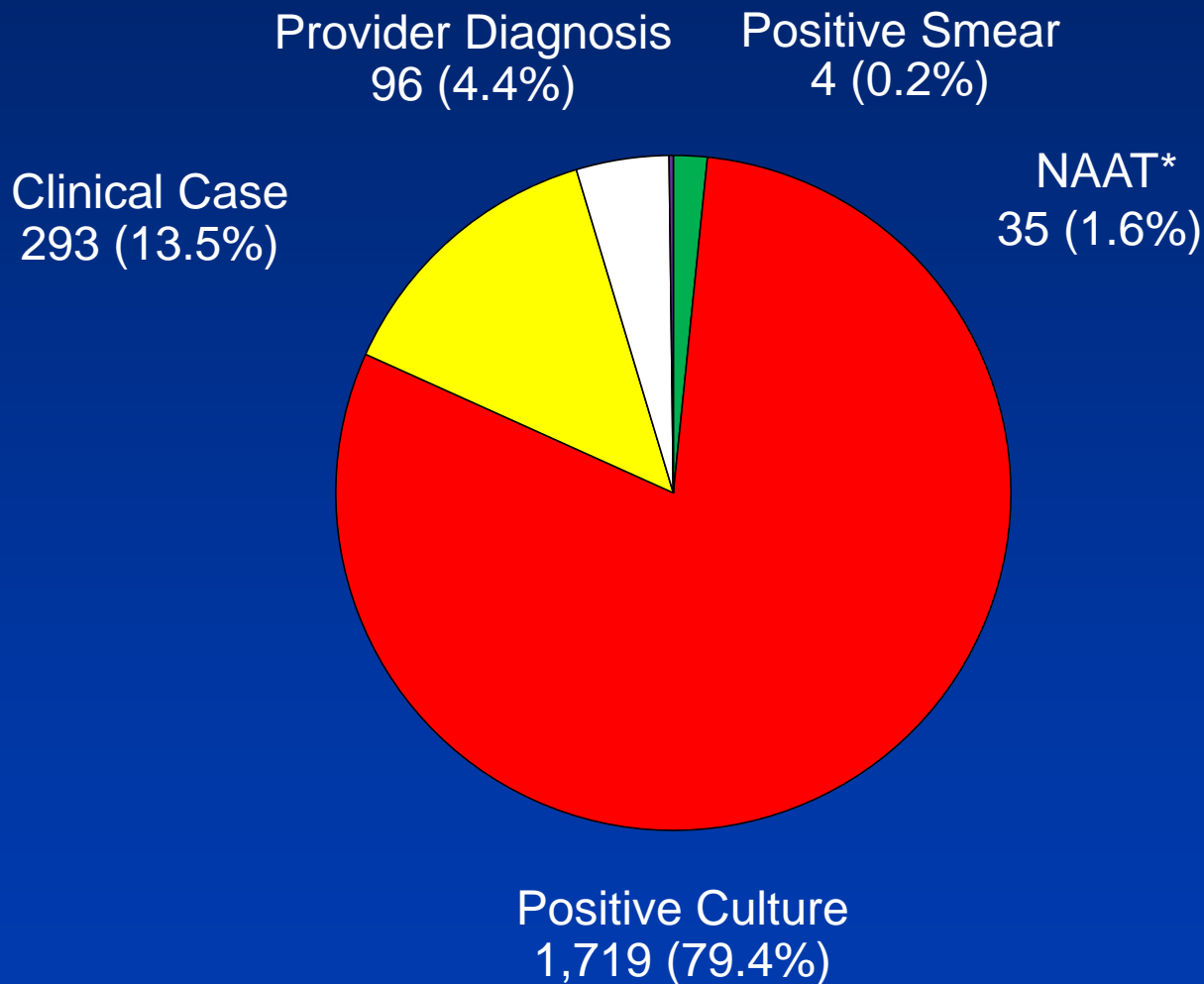


Figure 9. Tuberculosis Cases by Verification Criteria: California, 2014



*NAAT= Nucleic Acid Amplification Test

Figure 10. Deaths in Persons with Tuberculosis: California, 2003-2012

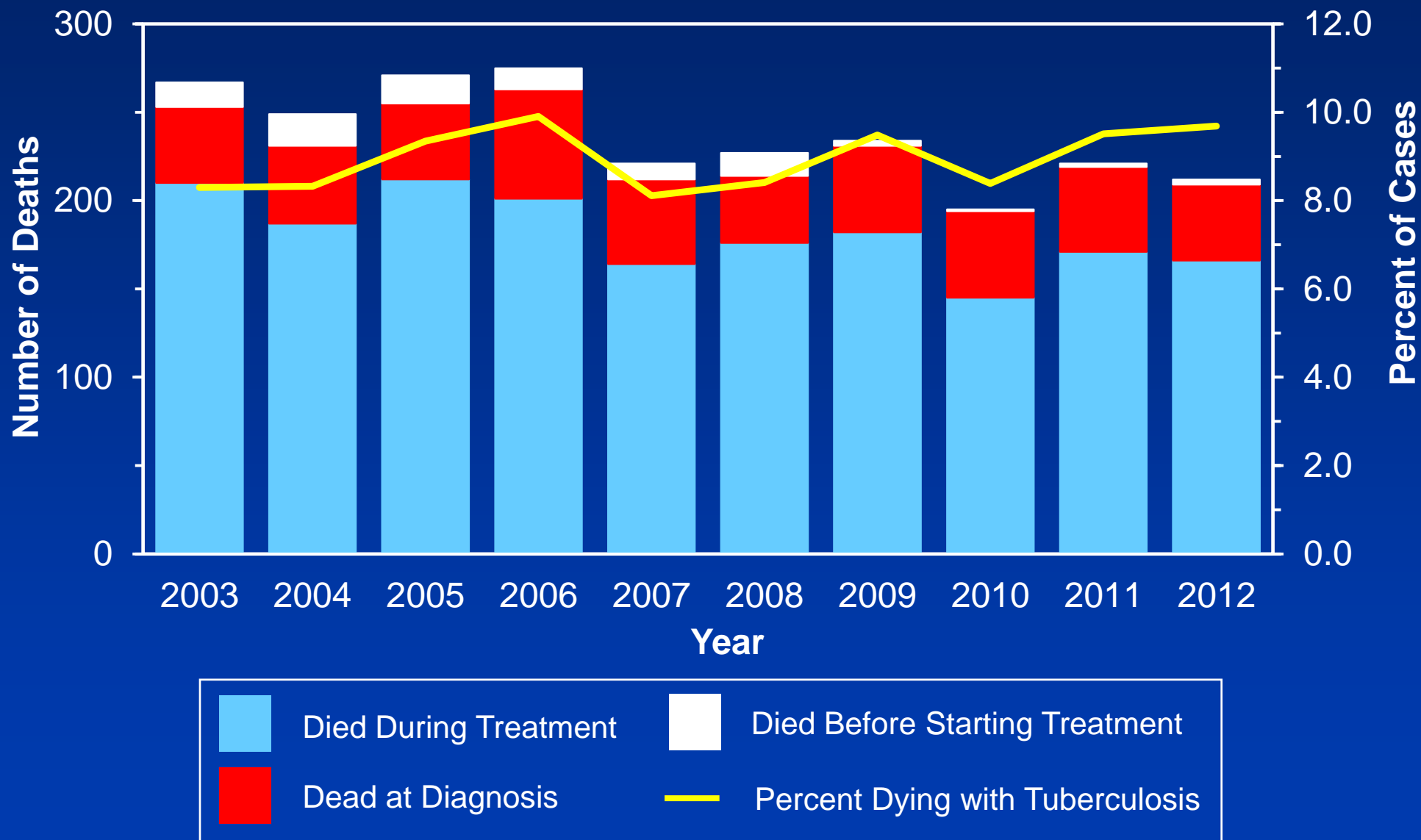
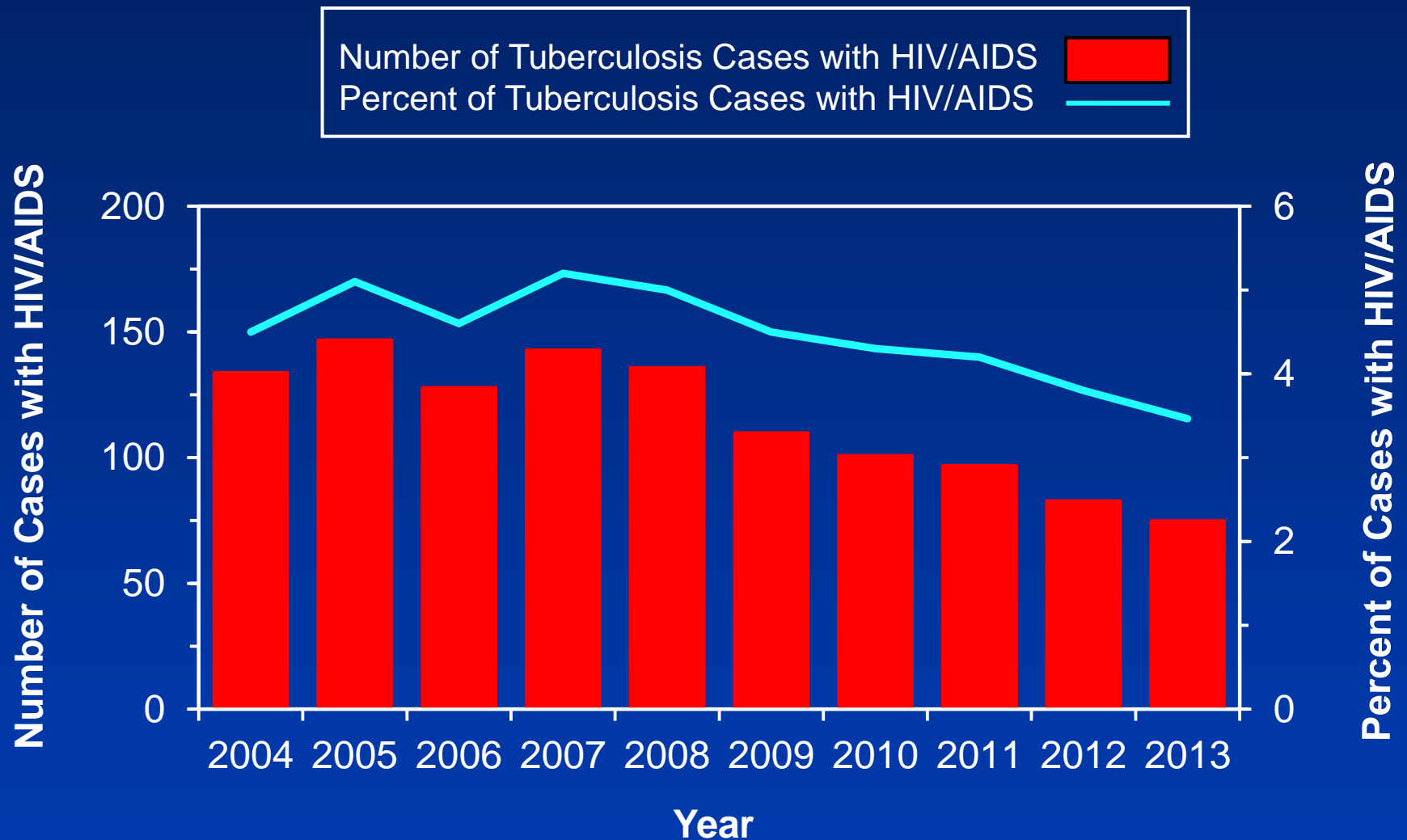
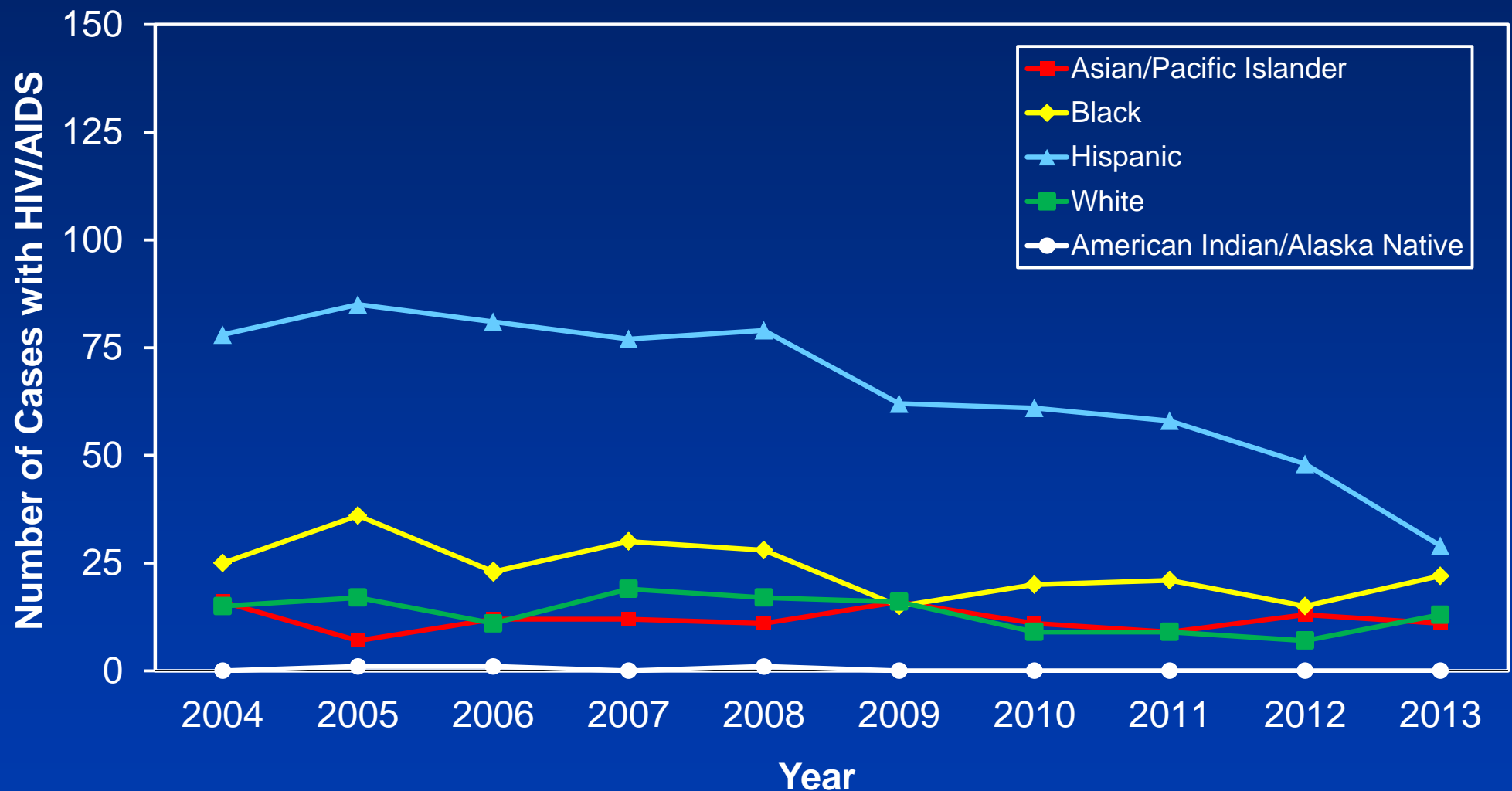


Figure 11. Tuberculosis Cases by HIV/AIDS Diagnosis*: California, 2004-2013



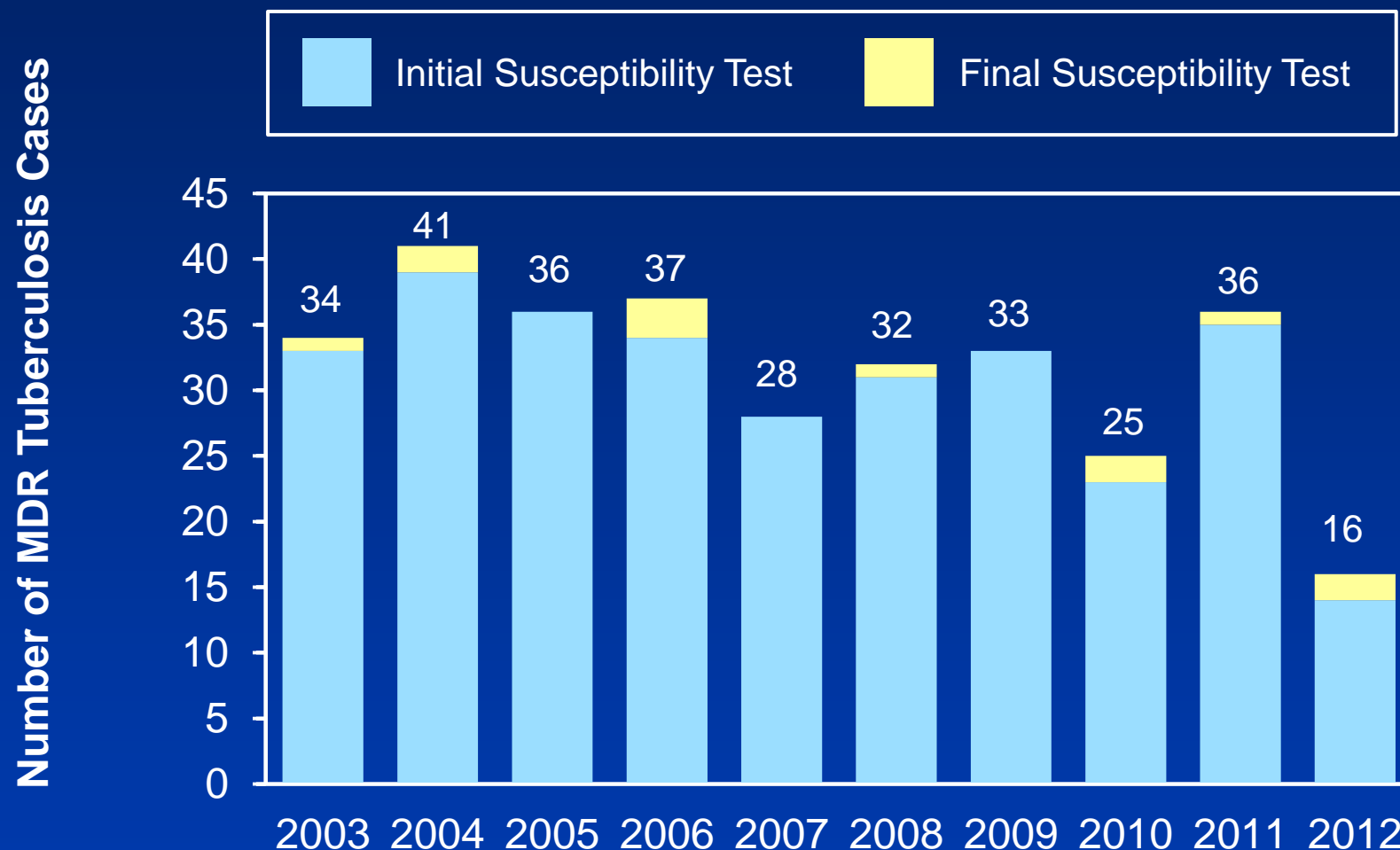
* Match found in HIV/AIDS Registry, California Office of AIDS

Figure 12. HIV/AIDS-associated Tuberculosis* by Race/Ethnicity: California, 2004-2013



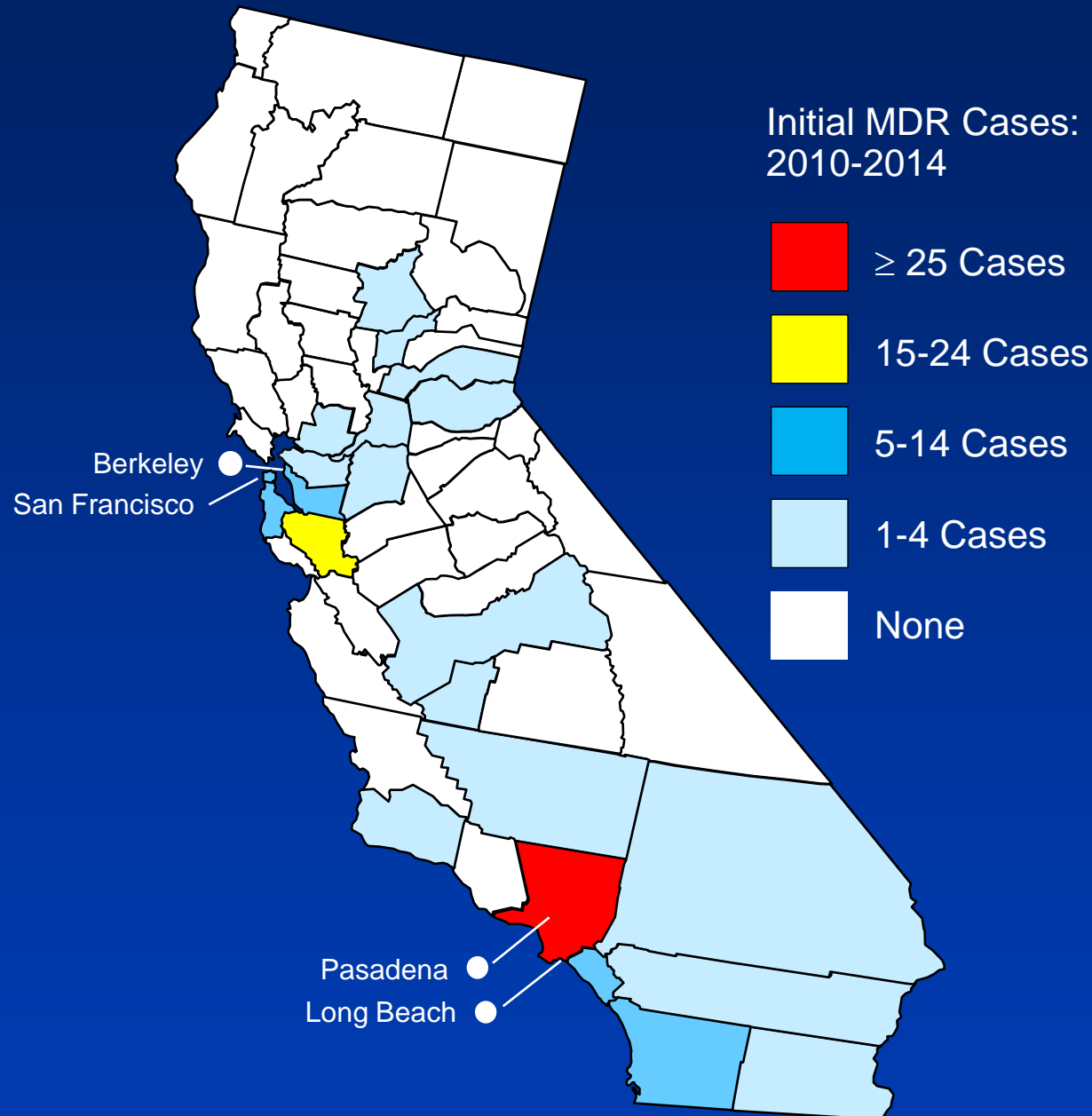
* Match found in HIV/AIDS Registry, California Office of AIDS

Figure 13. Tuberculosis Cases with Multidrug Resistance (MDR) on Initial or Final Drug Susceptibility Testing*: California, 2003-2012



*Cases with resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin reported on the Initial Drug Susceptibility Report (Follow-up 1) or on the Case Completion Report (Follow-up 2)

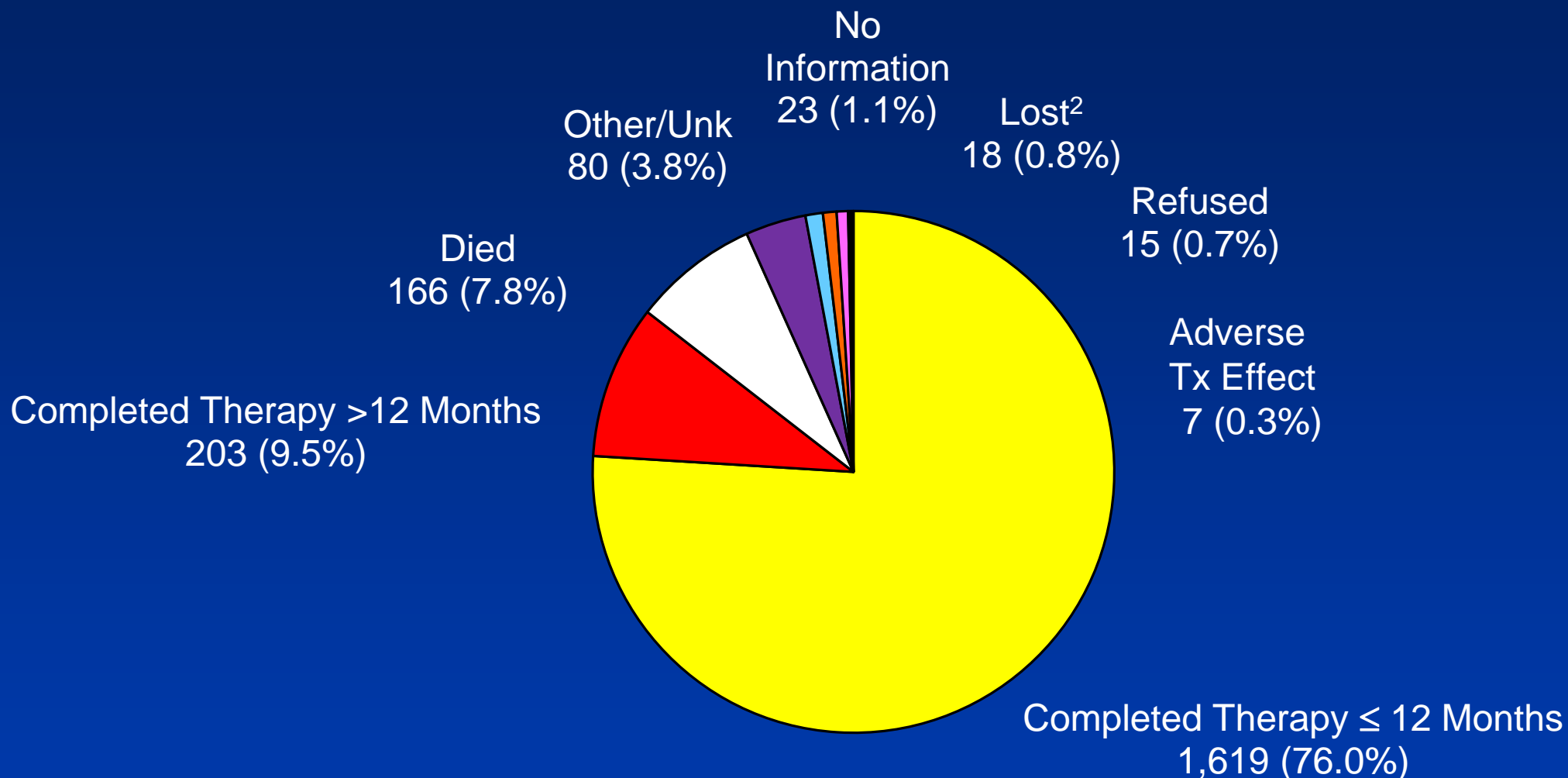
Figure 14. Tuberculosis Cases with Initial drug Resistance (MDR)*: California, 2010-



*Cases with initial drug resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin

California Department of Public Health, Tuberculosis Control Branch

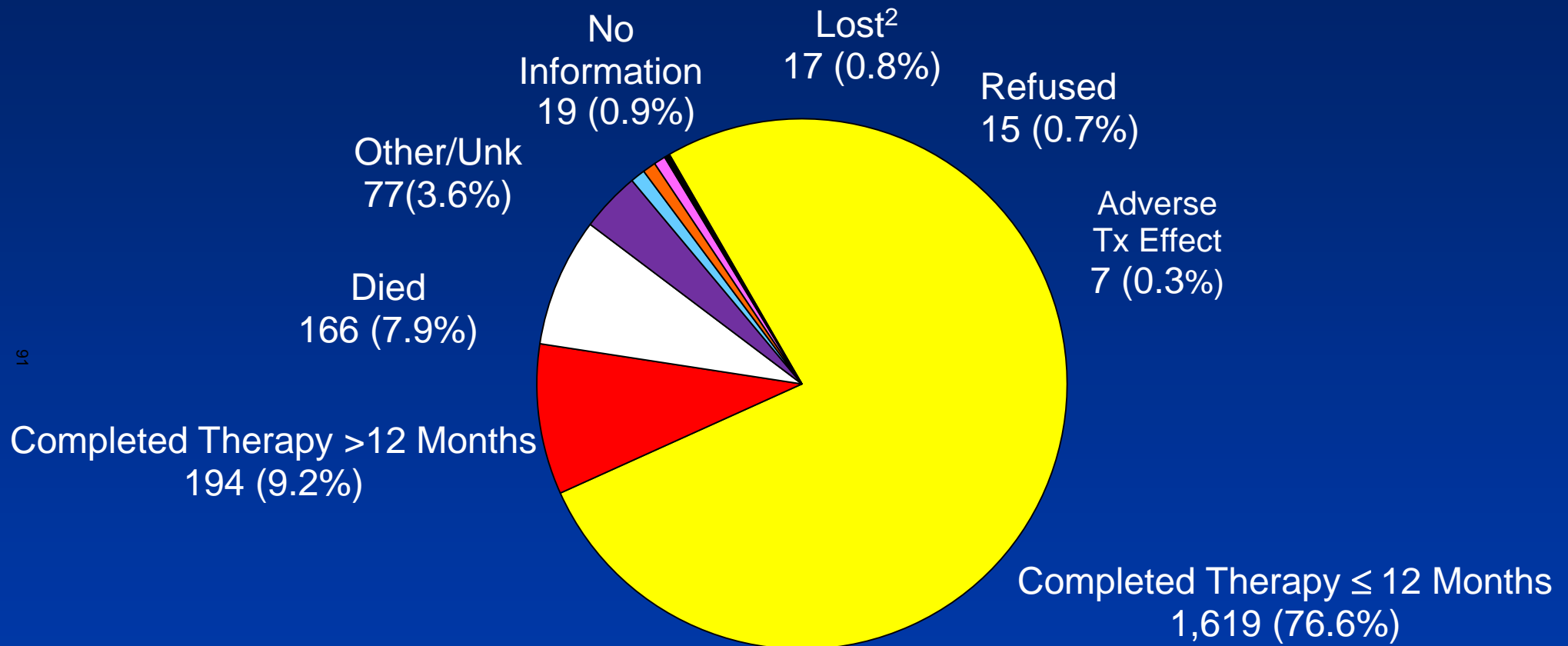
Figure 15. Tuberculosis Cases¹ by Outcome of Therapy: California, 2012



¹ Patient was alive at diagnosis and started on an initial drug regimen of one or more drugs.

² Patient could not be located prior to the completion of treatment.

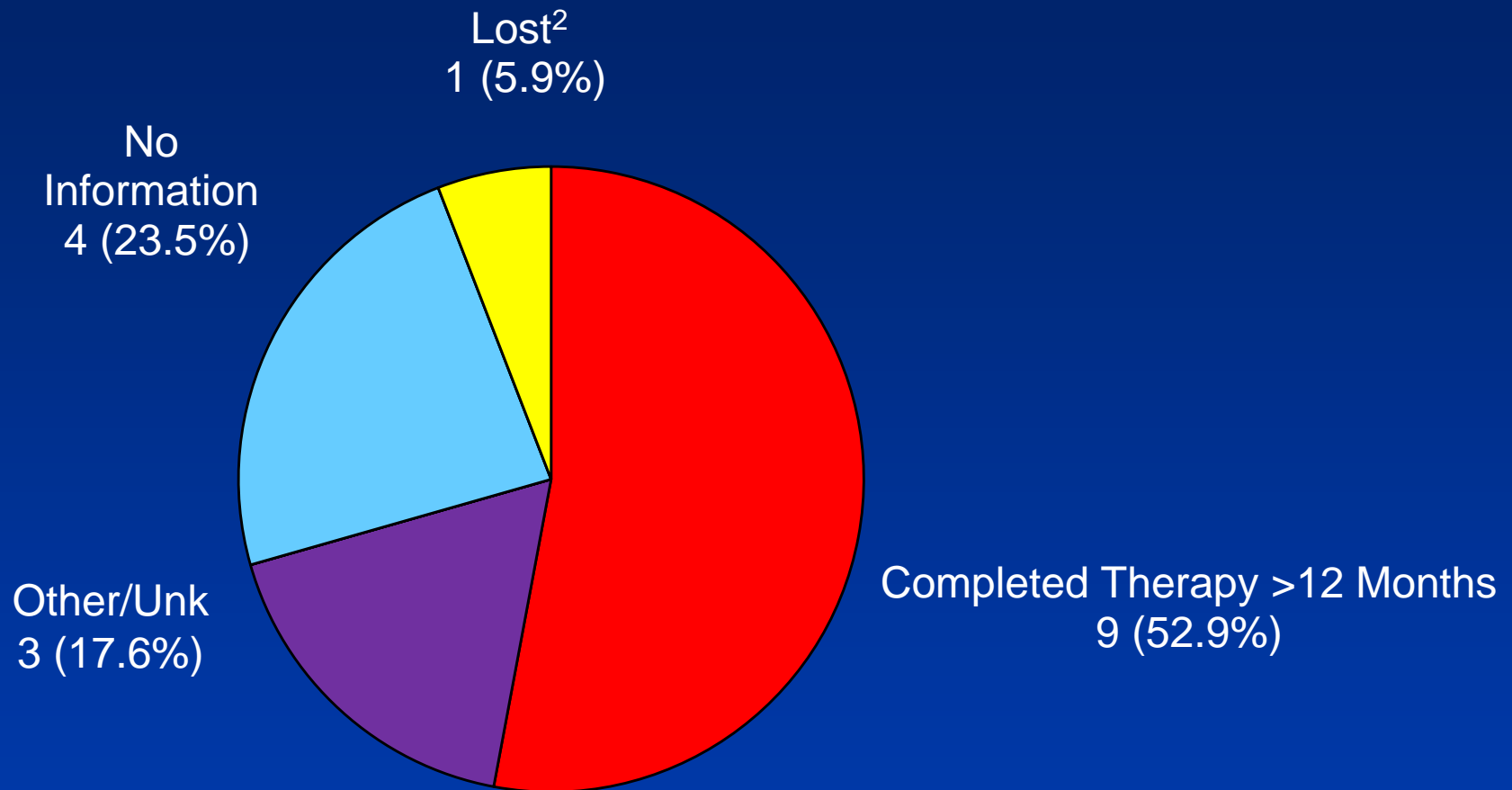
Figure 16. Outcome in Tuberculosis Cases for Whom One Year or Less of Treatment was Indicated¹: California, 2012



¹ Excludes cases with rifampin resistant disease, cases with meningeal disease, and cases less than 15 years of age with disseminated tuberculosis disease.

² Patient could not be located prior to the completion of treatment.

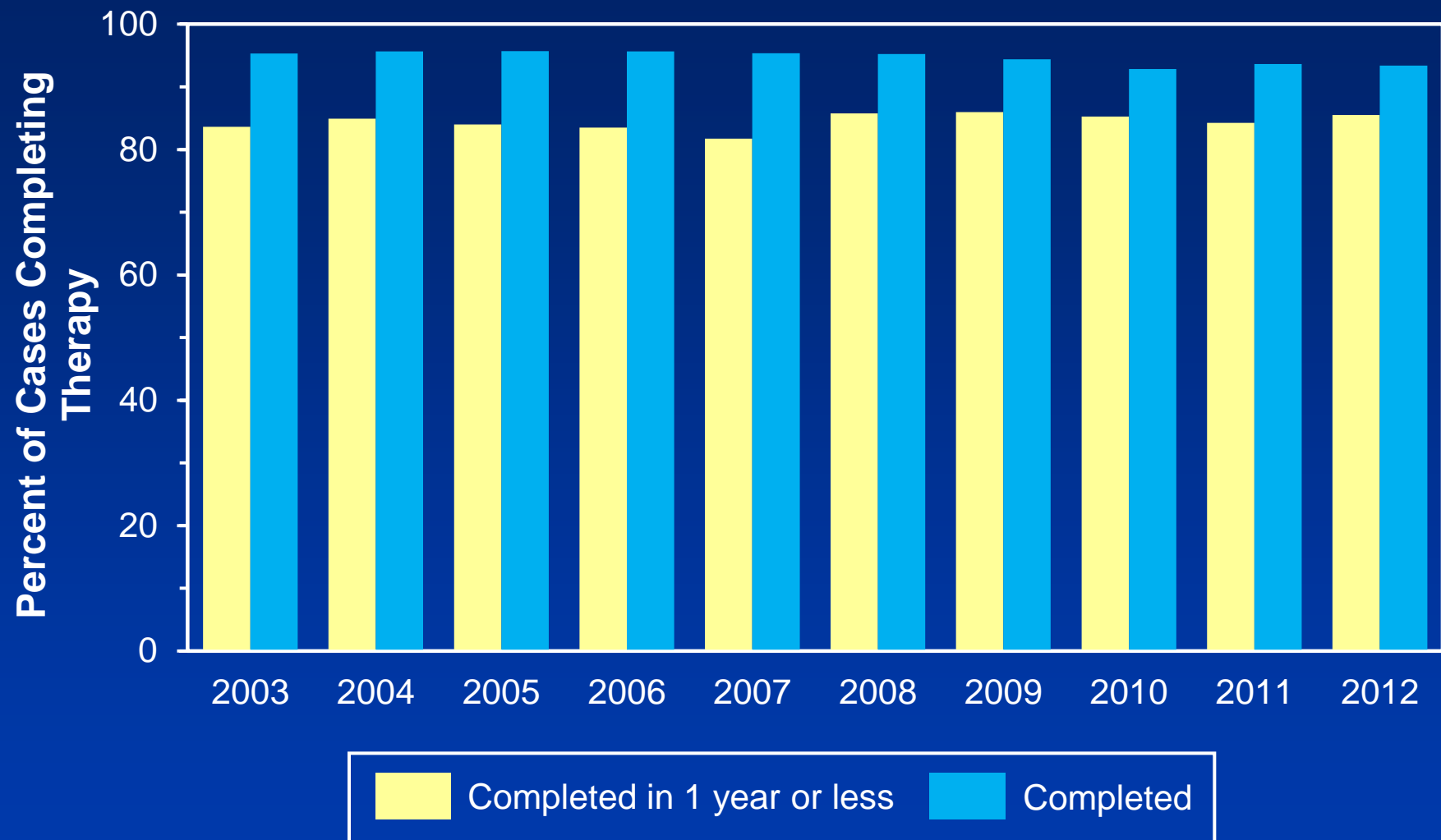
Figure 17. Outcome in Tuberculosis Cases for Whom Greater than One Year of Treatment was Indicated¹: California, 2012



¹ Includes cases with rifampin resistant disease, cases with meningeal disease, and cases less than 15 years of age with disseminated tuberculosis disease.

² Patient could not be located prior to the completion of treatment

Figure 18. Completion of Tuberculosis Therapy: California, 2003-2012



Note: Excludes cases with rifampin resistant disease, cases with meningeal, bone and/or joint, or central nervous system disease, cases less than 15 years of age with disseminated tuberculosis disease, and cases that died less than one year after treatment initiation or moved out of country.